



Federal Research on Recycled Tire Crumb Used on Playing Fields

Background

Related Links

- [Federal Register Notice: Comment on proposed and/or continuing sample collections](#)
- [December 2016 Status Report: Federal Research Action Plan on Recycled Tire Crumb](#)
- [Research Protocol and Study Design](#)
- [Federal Research Action Plan on Recycled Tire Crumb Used on Playing Fields and Playgrounds](#)
- [Tire Crumb Questions and Answers](#)
- [Government Organization Websites Related to the Use of Tire Crumb on Fields and Playgrounds](#)
- [Public Comment and Federal Responses](#)
- [April 2016 Webinar Recording: Overview of the Federal Research Action Plan](#)
- [2008 EPA Limited Scoping-Level Field Monitoring Study of Synthetic Turf Fields and Playgrounds](#)

Concerns have been raised by the public about the safety of recycled rubber tire crumb used in synthetic turf fields and playgrounds in the United States. We know people are concerned and players and their families want answers. Limited studies have not shown an elevated health risk from playing on fields with tire crumb, but the existing studies do not comprehensively evaluate the concerns about health risks from exposure to tire crumb. We are committed to supporting more comprehensive efforts to assess risks from tire crumb.

That's why on February 12, 2016, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention/Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), and the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) launched a multi-agency **Federal Research Action Plan on Recycled Tire Crumb Used on Playing Fields and Playgrounds** to study key environmental and human health questions.

Federal Research

This coordinated *Federal Research Action Plan on Recycled Tire Crumb Used on Playing Fields and Playgrounds* includes outreach to key stakeholders, such as athletes and parents, and seeks to:

- Fill important data and knowledge gaps.
- Characterize constituents of recycled tire crumb.
- Identify ways in which people may be exposed to tire crumb based on their activities on the fields.

Status

On December 30, 2016, the agencies released a status report describing the progress of the research to date. The status report includes the final peer-reviewed Literature Review/Gaps Analysis report and describes the progress to date on other research activities that are part of the effort including:

- Characterization of the chemicals found in tire crumb.
- Characterization of the exposure scenarios for those who use turf fields containing tire crumb.
- Study to better understand how children use playgrounds containing tire crumb.
- Outreach to key stakeholders.

The status report does not include research findings. For the characterization of the chemicals research, tire crumb material has been collected from tire recycling plants and synthetic turf fields around the U.S. Tire crumb samples have been gathered from nine tire crumb recycling plants, 19 fields located on US Army installations and 21 community fields including both indoor and outdoor fields. Analysis of the tire crumb samples collected from fields and recycling facilities, and the exposure characterization component of the study will continue in 2017. Parts of the exposure study may be conducted during the hotter months of 2017. The CPSC playground study also will continue in 2017.

While this effort won't provide all the answers about whether synthetic turf fields are safe, it represents the first time that such a large study is being conducted across the U.S. The study will provide a better understanding of potential exposures that athletes and others may experience and will help answer some of the key questions that have been raised. Depending upon the findings, available resources and other considerations, additional research beyond the first year may be conducted.

Existing Research and Information

Other federal, state, and local government agencies have conducted limited studies on artificial turf fields. For example, from 2009-2011, New York City and the states of New York, Connecticut and New Jersey conducted studies on tire crumb infill and synthetic turf. Also, in 2008 and 2009 the Consumer Product Safety Commission and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry evaluated synthetic turf "grass blades" in response to concerns about lead exposure. Their evaluations estimated that any potential releases of toxic chemicals from the grass blades, such as lead, would be below levels of concern. In 2008, EPA conducted a limited Scoping-Level Field Monitoring Study of Synthetic Turf Fields and Playgrounds. The purpose of the limited study was to test a method for measuring possible emissions from using synthetic turf on playgrounds and ball fields, not to determine the potential health risks of recycled tire crumb in playgrounds or in synthetic turf athletic fields.

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